**Table 3.2: Representative Distribution of Old Growth** 

	Area EVC (ha)	% EVC as Old Growth	Area of Old Growth (ha)	Percent of Old Growth in each land tenure category						
Ecological Vegetation Classes				Proposed CAR reserve system						
			, ,	Conservation Reserves (existing)	Proposed additions	SMZ	GMZ	Code Prescription	Other Parks & Reserves	Other Public Land
Riparian Forest	11,270	4.6	520	25.8	68.4	0	0.3	0	0.1	5.4
Heathy Dry Forest	83,090	26.6	22,110	46.0	20.1	1.2	24.6	7.7	0	0.3
Shrubby Dry Forest	276,930	33.9	93,800	33.1	19.2	0.8	35.4	11.2	0.2	0.1
Grassy Dry Forest	146,500	11.4	16,750	26.2	36.3	0	29.3	6.4	0.1	1.6
Herb-rich Foothill Forest	402,600	15.0	60,250	27.7	22.4	1.2	35.2	13.3	0.0	0.3
Damp Forest	46,690	13.5	6,320	27.3	21.2	2.9	28.7	18.5	0.2	1.3
Wet Forest	6,250	23.3	1,460	41.5	25.6	0.8	15.4	14.4	0	2.3
Montane Dry Woodland	136,330	23.3	31,790	44.2	12.4	1.4	27.0	12.8	1.0	1.1
Montane Damp Forest	38,330	17.7	6,790	36.2	13.2	1.8	29.0	17.4	0.3	2.1
Montane Riparian Thicket	1,090	10.7	120	30.4	64.9	0	0	0	0	4.8
Sub-alpine Woodland	35,340	42.1	14,870	82.5	1.6	0.3	3.6	1.5	1.0	9.4
Valley Grassy Forest	18,810	0.1	15	63.6	23.9	0	10.8	0.1	0	1.6
Granitic Hills Woodland	21,150	20.1	4,260	99.1	0.8	0	0.1	0.1	0	0
Swampy Riparian Woodland	2,010	12.6	250	39.0	49.7	0	0	0	0	11.3
Riparian Mosaic - North East	2,600	6.1	160	34.5	65.5	0	0	0	0	0

The figures shown in this table are based on modelled information mapped at a scale of 1:100,000 derived during the pre-1750 analysis of vegetation types in the North East, and are therefore only approximate. For the old growth analysis in the North East it was considered that old growth only occurs on public land, due to the generally high levels of disturbances on private land. Areas rounded to near 10 ha if over 100 ha, or nearest 5 ha if under 100 ha. Only those EVCs that contain old growth are shown in the table. The total area of each EVC is derived from the pre-1750 analysis and includes extant forest on both public and private land. The proportion of old growth in each EVC has been derived using the total area of extant forest on both public and private land. Code Prescription refers to areas protected under the Code of Forest Practices for Timber Production prescriptions for exclusion of timber harvesting from streamside buffers and slopes of 30 degrees or more. Special Management Zone is abbreviated to SMZ and General Management Zone to GMZ.