## No. 47/2023 30 November 2023

# Summary of key issues

* For the week ending 29 November 2023, widespread showers and thunderstorms resulted in flash flooding and significant damage in eastern parts of the country.
  + These falls will likely provide sufficient soil moisture to allow for the widespread sowing of dryland summer crops in Queensland and northern New South Wales.
  + Significant rainfall in South Australia, Victoria and southern New South Wales could delay harvest and led to grain quality downgrade of unharvested winter crops.
  + The widespread rainfall across much of eastern and northern Australia is expected to provide a significant boost to soil moisture levels and pasture growth rates and availability.
* Northern Australia rainfall onset with at least 50 millimetres has occurred over large areas with eastern Queensland and parts of northern Australia recording later than usual onset.
  + These falls are important to stimulate pasture growth for livestock feed.
* Over the coming week, lows will generate storms and showers in eastern and central Australia and across the tropical north.
  + Further rainfall in Queensland and northern New South Wales cropping regions will boost sub-soil moisture to support growth of summer crops and pasture.
  + Dry conditions in Western Australia should allow for the remaining harvest to continue without delay.
* Water storage levels in the Murray-Darling Basin (MDB) decreased between 23 November 2023 and 30 November 2023 by 29 gigalitres (GL). Current volume of water held in storage is 15 853 GL. This is 8 percent or 1390 GL less than at the same time last year.
* Allocation prices in the Victorian Murray below the Barmah Choke decreased from $121 on 23 November 2023 to $99 on 30 November 2023. Prices are lower in the Goulburn-Broken due to the binding of the Goulburn intervalley trade limit.

## **Climate**

### Rainfall this week

For the week ending 29 November 2023, widespread showers and thunderstorms impacted much of northern and eastern Australia. A major storm system developed over south-east Australia generated flash flooding in many areas and significant damage from violent, rotating supercell thunderstorms. Large areas of northern, eastern Australia, Tasmania, and including southeast South Australia received rainfall between 25 to 100 millimetres. Isolated areas in New South Wales, Queensland and Northern Territory recorded rainfall in excess of 100 millimetres. In contrast, large areas in Western Australia, South Australia and southern Northern Territory remained dry this week.

Across eastern cropping regions, rainfall totals of up to 100 millimetres were recorded, with localised areas in New South Wales and Queensland recording in excess of 100 millimetres. These falls will have boosted sub-soil moisture to support summer crops such as sorghum. However, rainfall in South Australia, Victoria and New South Wales would have delayed harvest of remaining winter crops and will likely affect grain quality.

The widespread falls of between 25 and 200 millimetres are expected to provide a significant boost to soil moisture levels, and pasture growth rates and availability across much of eastern and northern Australia. This will likely result in a reduced reliance on supplementary fodder to maintain the production of livestock and livestock products.

#### Rainfall for the week ending 29 November 2023

A map of australia with different colored lines

Description automatically generated

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Note: The rainfall analyses and associated maps utilise data contained in the Bureau of Meteorology climate database, the Australian Data Archive for Meteorology (ADAM). The analyses are initially produced automatically from real-time data with limited [quality control](http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/headers/qc.shtml). They are intended to provide a general overview of rainfall across Australia as quickly as possible after the observations are received. For further information go to <http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/rainfall/>

* 1. **Flooding in eastern Australia**

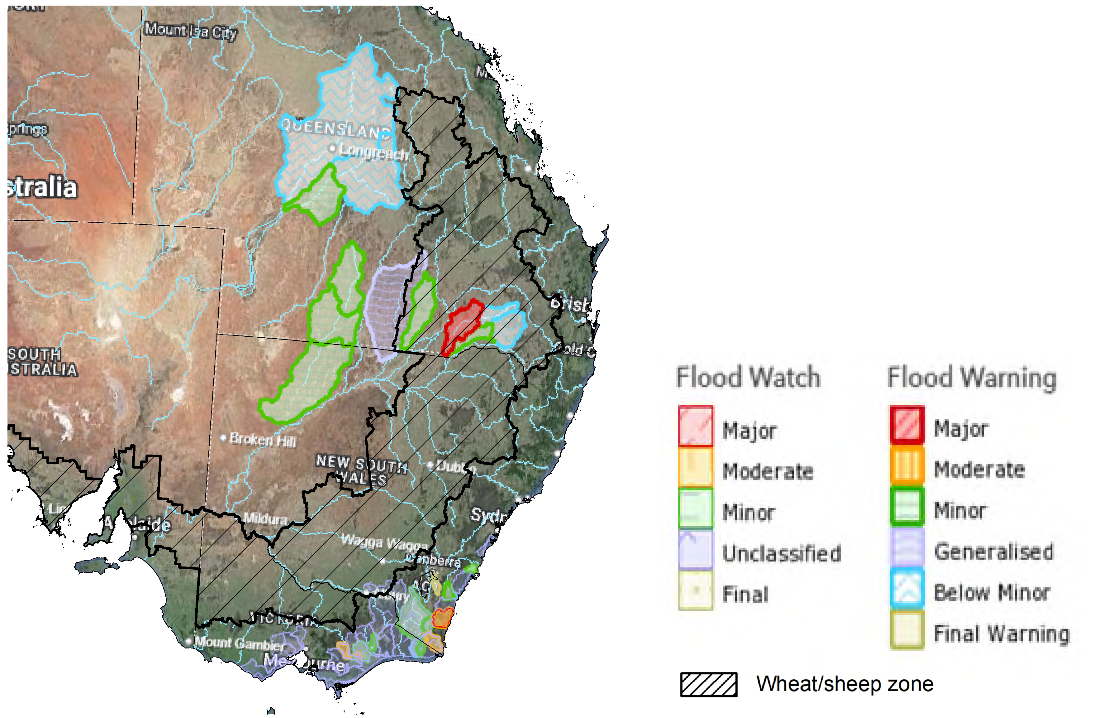
Intense rainfall on 28and 29 November has led to flash flooding across large areas of southern Queensland, and the issuing of flood warning across the far southeast of New South Wales and much of eastern Victoria.

Flooding is forecast to continue across many catchments over New South Wales and Queensland, and emerge across Victoria in the coming days, as flood peaks move downstream and with heavy rainfall forecast for much of Australia’s south-eastern seaboard during the next 8 days.

It is too early to say what the full impact this flooding across New South Wales, Queensland and Victoria will be on agricultural producers and communities. As the event is still ongoing many farmers will still be surveying the damage, with limited ability to undertake detailed assessments at this stage. There will be significant localised impacts. However, the damage is unlikely to significantly affect the value of and quantity of national agricultural production.

Flooding, as considered here, is generally a localised event and tends to follow river valleys, spreading across the flood plain and lower lying areas to varying extents. As a proportion of total land, the actual area of land affected is usually relatively small.

**Flood watch and warning areas on 30 November 2023**



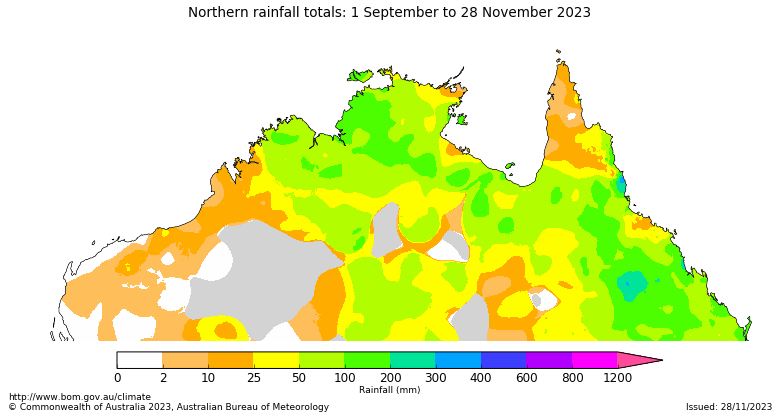
Source: Bureau of Meteorology

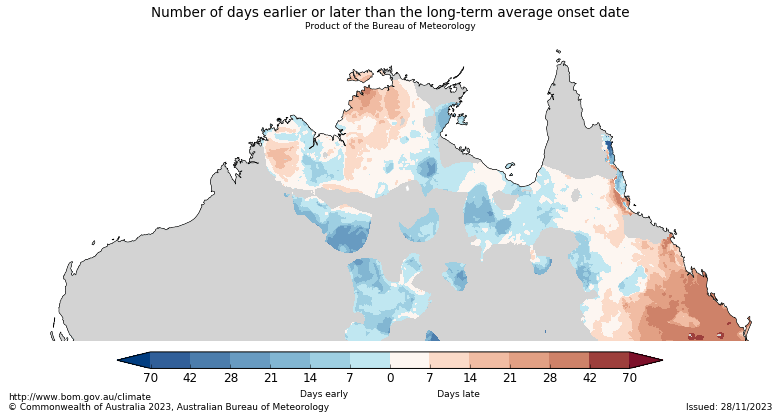
### Northern Australia rainfall onset

The timing of Northern Australia rainfall onset is important indicator for seasonal pasture growth and potential livestock production. The rainfall onset gives an indication of the accumulation of at least 50 millimetres of rainfall after 1 September to stimulate plant growth after the northern dry season.

Between 1 September and 28 November 2023, large areas of northern Australia have received at least 50 millimetres of rainfall. Northern parts of Western Australia, Northern Territory and across large areas of eastern Queensland have recorded onset later than usual. Rainfall in northern Australia for this time of the year is important for pasture and feed availability.

#### Northern rainfall totals: 1 September to 28 November 2023



Number of days earlier or later than the long-term average onset date 

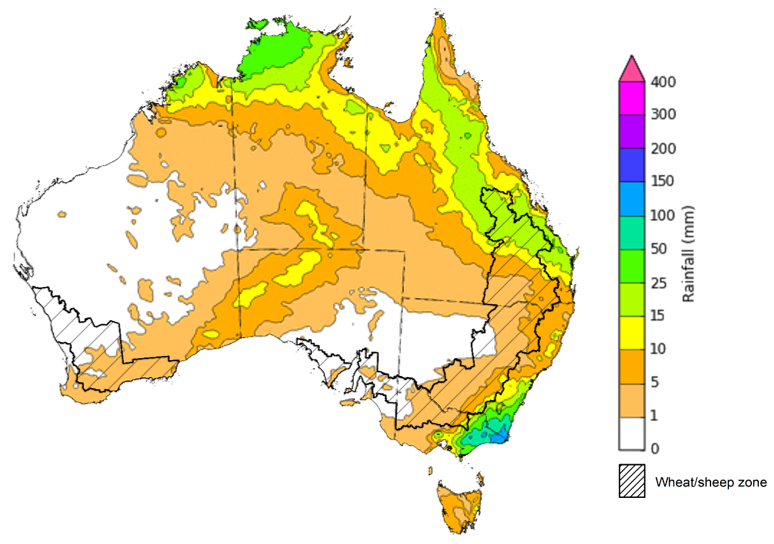
### Rainfall forecast for the next eight days

Over the 8 days to 7 December 2023, lows and troughs are expected to generate rainfall and storms in eastern Victoria, south-eastern New South Wales, eastern and northern Queensland, and the northern tropics of the Northern Territory and Western Australia. A high-pressure system is expected to bring mainly dry conditions to much of Western Australia, South Australia and western New South Wales.

Across cropping regions, rainfall totals between 5 and 25 millimetres are forecast for Queensland. If realised, these falls will provide an ideal follow-up to rainfall already recorded during November and provide a timely boost to soil moisture and stimulate some useful early summer pasture production. These falls will also provide grain growers with added confidence to plant dryland summer crops such as sorghum across northern Queensland.

The dry expected conditions will allow recently saturated soils to dry out in New South Wales and Victoria and allow for the continuation of for harvest activities in the coming weeks. Little to no rainfall across Western Australia and South Australia will allow for the uninterrupted harvest of remaining winter crops.

#### Total forecast rainfall for the period 30 November 2023 to 7 December 2023



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Note: This rainfall forecast is produced from computer models. As the model outputs are not altered by weather forecasters, it is important to check local forecasts and warnings issued by the Bureau of Meteorology.

## **Water**

### Water markets – current week

Water storage levels in the Murray-Darling Basin (MDB) decreased between 23 November 2023 and 30 November 2023 by 29 gigalitres (GL). Current volume of water held in storage is 15 853 GL. This is 8 percent or 1390 GL less than at the same time last year.

#### Water storages in the Murray-Darling Basin, 2013–2023

A graph showing a line

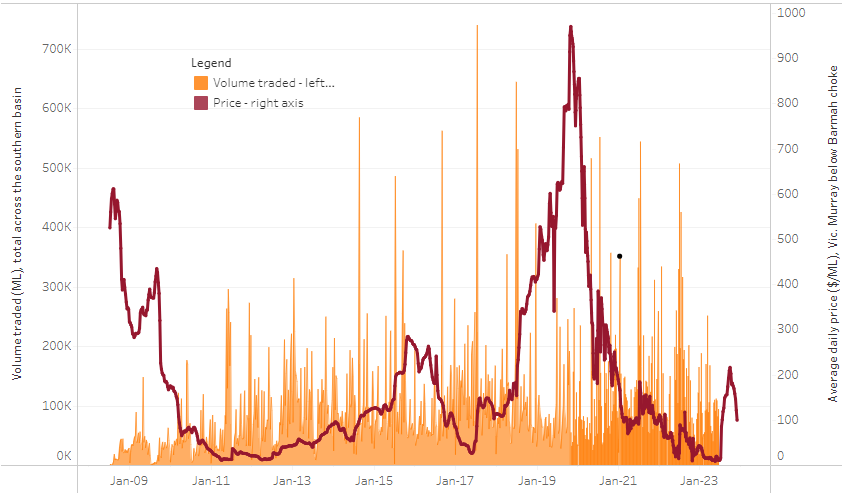
Description automatically generated

|  |
| --- |
| Water storage data is sourced from the Bureau of Meteorology. |

Allocation prices in the Victorian Murray below the Barmah Choke decreased from $121 on 23 November 2023 to $99 on 30 November 2023. Prices are lower in the Goulburn-Broken due to the binding of the Goulburn intervalley trade limit.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Region** | **$/ML** |
| NSW Murray Above | 89 |
| NSW Murrumbidgee | 155 |
| VIC Goulburn-Broken | 87 |
| VIC Murray Below | 99 |

#### Surface water trade activity, Southern Murray–Darling Basin



|  |
| --- |
| The trades shown reflect estimated market activity and do not encompass all register trades. The price is shown for the VIC Murray below the Barmah choke. Historical prices (before 1 July 2019) are ABARES estimates after removing outliers from BOM water register data. Prices after 1 July 2019 and prior to the 30 October 2019 reflect recorded transaction prices as sourced from Ruralco. Prices after the 30 October 2019 are sourced from Waterflow. Data for volume traded is sourced from the BOM water register. Only the price data shown is current on 30 November 2023. |

To access the full, interactive, weekly water dashboard, which contains the latest and historical water storage, water market and water allocation information, please visit <https://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/products/weekly_update/weekly-update-301123>

## **Commodities**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Week ended** | **Unit** | **Latest Price** | **Previous Week** | **Weekly change** | **Price 12 months ago** | **Annual change** |
| **Selected world indicator prices** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AUD/USD Exchange rate | 29-Nov | A$/US$ | 0.66 | 0.66 | 1% | 0.68 | -2% |
| Wheat – US no. 2 hard red winter wheat, fob Gulf | 29-Nov | US$/t | 274 | 276 | -1% | 382 | -28% |
| Corn – US no. 2 yellow corn, fob Gulf | 29-Nov | US$/t | 198 | 207 | -4% | 296 | -33% |
| Canola – Rapeseed, Canada, fob Vancouver | 29-Nov | US$/t | 551 | 547 | 1% | 686 | -20% |
| Cotton – Cotlook 'A' Index | 29-Nov | USc/lb | 90 | 91 | -1% | 101 | -11% |
| Sugar – Intercontinental Exchange, nearby futures, no.11 contract | 29-Nov | USc/lb | 26.5 | 27.1 | -2% | 18 | 44% |
| Wool – Eastern Market Indicator | 29-Nov | Ac/kg clean | 1,166 | 1,170 | 0% | 1,271 | -8% |
| Wool – Western Market Indicator | 29-Nov | Ac/kg clean | 1,289 | 1,316 | -2% | 1,390 | -7% |
| **Selected Australian grain export prices** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Milling Wheat – APW, Port Adelaide, SA | 29-Nov | A$/t | 435 | 435 | 0% | 545 | -20% |
| Feed Wheat – ASW, Port Adelaide, SA | 29-Nov | A$/t | 413 | 413 | 0% | 500 | -18% |
| Feed Barley – Port Adelaide, SA | 29-Nov | A$/t | 381 | 381 | 0% | 423 | -10% |
| Canola – Kwinana, WA | 29-Nov | A$/t | 767 | 762 | 1% | 1,053 | -27% |
| Grain Sorghum – Brisbane, QLD | 29-Nov | A$/t | 503 | 493 | 2% | 472 | 6% |
| **Selected domestic livestock indicator prices** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beef – Eastern Young Cattle Indicator | 29-Nov | Ac/kg cwt | 517 | 465 | 11% | 999 | -48% |
| Mutton – Mutton indicator (18–24 kg fat score 2–3), Vic | 29-Nov | Ac/kg cwt | 162 | 131 | 24% | 527 | -69% |
| Lamb – National Trade Lamb Indicator | 29-Nov | Ac/kg cwt | 497 | 475 | 5% | 719 | -31% |
| Pig – Eastern Seaboard (60.1–75 kg), average of buyers & sellers | 15-Nov | Ac/kg cwt | 386 | 386 | 0% | 376 | 3% |
| Goats – Eastern States (12.1–16 kg) | 29-Nov | Ac/kg cwt | 190 | 190 | 0% | 367 | -48% |
| Live cattle – Light steers to Indonesia | 29-Nov | Ac/kg lwt | 280 | 270 | 4% | 520 | -46% |
| **Global Dairy Trade (GDT) weighted average prices a** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dairy – Whole milk powder | 22-Nov | US$/t | 3,027 | 2,971 | 2% | 3,279 | -8% |
| Dairy – Skim milk powder | 22-Nov | US$/t | 2,622 | 2,724 | -4% | 2,972 | -12% |
| Dairy – Cheddar cheese | 22-Nov | US$/t | 3,637 | 4,042 | -10% | 4,802 | -24% |
| Dairy – Anhydrous milk fat | 22-Nov | US$/t | 5,544 | 5,489 | 1% | 5,562 | 0% |
| **a** Global Dairy Trade prices are updated twice monthly on the first and third Tuesday of each month. | | | | | | | |

### Selected world indicator prices

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### Selected domestic crop indicator prices

A graph of a number of wheat

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Description automatically generated with medium confidenceA graph of a number of feed barley

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Description automatically generated

A graph of a number of people

Description automatically generated with medium confidence

### Selected domestic livestock indicator prices

A graph showing the growth of cattle

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Description automatically generatedA graph of a seaboard

Description automatically generated

A graph of goats showing the number of goats

Description automatically generated with medium confidenceA graph of a bull

Description automatically generated with medium confidence

### Global Dairy Trade (GDT) weighted average prices

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Description automatically generatedA graph of milk fat

Description automatically generated

### Selected fruit and vegetable prices

A graph of watermelon seedless

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### 3.6 Selected domestic fodder indicator prices

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## **4. Data attribution**

### Climate

Bureau of Meteorology

* Weekly rainfall totals: www.bom.gov.au/climate/maps/rainfall/
* Monthly and last 3-month rainfall percentiles: [www.bom.gov.au/water/landscape/](http://www.bom.gov.au/water/landscape/)
* Temperature anomalies: [www.bom.gov.au/jsp/awap/temp/index.jsp](http://www.bom.gov.au/jsp/awap/temp/index.jsp)
* Rainfall forecast: [www.bom.gov.au/jsp/watl/rainfall/pme.jsp](http://www.bom.gov.au/jsp/watl/rainfall/pme.jsp)
* Seasonal outlook: [www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/overview/summary/](http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/overview/summary/)
* Climate drivers: <http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/enso/>
* Soil moisture: [www.bom.gov.au/water/landscape/](http://www.bom.gov.au/water/landscape/)

Other

* Pasture growth: [www.longpaddock.qld.gov.au/aussiegrass/](http://www.longpaddock.qld.gov.au/aussiegrass/)
* 3-month global outlooks: [Environment and Climate Change Canada](https://weather.gc.ca/saisons/image_e.html?img=s234pfe1p_cal&bc=prob), [NOAA Climate Prediction Center](https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/predictions/long_range/seasonal.php?lead=2), [EUROBRISA CPTEC/INPE](http://eurobrisa.cptec.inpe.br/), European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts, [Hydrometcenter of Russia](https://meteoinfo.ru/en/climate/seasonal-forecasts), [National Climate Center Climate System Diagnosis and Prediction Room (NCC)](https://cmdp.ncc-cma.net/pred/cs2gen.php?pred_elem=RAINP#pred_seasonal), [International Research Institute for Climate and Society](https://iri.columbia.edu/our-expertise/climate/forecasts/seasonal-climate-forecasts/)
* Global production: <https://ipad.fas.usda.gov/ogamaps/cropmapsandcalendars.aspx>
* Autumn break: Pook et al., 2009, <https://rmets-onlinelibrary-wiley-com.virtual.anu.edu.au/doi/epdf/10.1002/joc.1833>

### Water

Prices

* Waterflow: <https://www.waterflow.io/>
* Ruralco: <https://www.ruralcowater.com.au/>

Bureau of Meteorology:

* Allocation trade: <http://www.bom.gov.au/water/dashboards/#/water-markets/mdb/at>
* Storage volumes: <http://www.bom.gov.au/water/dashboards/#/water-storages/summary/drainage>

Trade constraints:

* Water NSW: <https://www.waternsw.com.au/customer-service/ordering-trading-and-pricing/trading/murrumbidgee>
* Victorian Water Register: <https://www.waterregister.vic.gov.au/TradingRules2019/>

### Commodities

Fruit and vegetables

* Datafresh: [www.freshstate.com.au](http://www.freshstate.com.au)

Pigs

* Australian Pork Limited: [www.australianpork.com.au](http://www.australianpork.com.au)

Dairy

* Global Dairy Trade: [www.globaldairytrade.info/en/product-results/](http://www.globaldairytrade.info/en/product-results/)

World wheat, canola

* International Grains Council

World coarse grains

* United States Department of Agriculture

World cotton

* Cotlook: [www.cotlook.com/](http://www.cotlook.com/)

World sugar

* New York Stock Exchange - Intercontinental Exchange

Wool

* Australian Wool Exchange: [www.awex.com.au/](http://www.awex.com.au/)

Domestic wheat, barley, sorghum, canola and fodder

* Jumbuk Consulting Pty Ltd: http://www.jumbukag.com.au/

Cattle, beef, mutton, lamb, goat and live export

* Meat and Livestock Australia: www.mla.com.au/Prices-and-market

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